Federal Court Rejects Chiquita's Effort to Dismiss Human Rights Class-Action Suit

Lawsuit alleging complicity in financing and arming Colombian paramilitary terrorist groups will continue

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla. — A human rights lawsuit brought by Colombian families against banana company Chiquita Brands International for allegedly funding and arming known terrorist organizations in Colombia may continue in U.S. federal court, a judge decided today.

In 2007, after Chiquita pled guilty to federal criminal charges for illegally funding Colombian paramilitary death squads, victims filed a class-action lawsuit alleging that, in order to maintain its profitable control of banana growing regions, Chiquita abetted the paramilitaries in the commission of numerous human rights abuses. Among the plaintiffs who celebrate today's victory are the families of community organizers, trade union leaders, social activists, and banana workers who were assassinated in the paramilitaries' campaign of terrorizing civilians.

"We are very pleased with this ruling, and we hope that the U.S. courts do their job so that all the people who were persecuted in the banana-growing region can see justice," said Jane Doe 8 (a pseudonym), whose father was tortured and decapitated by paramilitaries due to his activities as a union leader.

"The court agreed that Chiquita's alleged actions, in providing financing and arms to brutal death squads, violated international human rights law under the federal Alien Tort Statute, and may constitute crimes against humanity," said Marco Simons, Legal Director of EarthRights International (ERI), counsel for the plaintiffs. "The plaintiffs look forward to having their claims heard by a jury," added Agnieszka Fryszman of Cohen Milstein Sellers & Toll, also counsel for the plaintiffs.

Documents obtained under FOIA and released by the National Security Archive in April demonstrate that Chiquita knowingly paid the paramilitaries to provide beneficial security services for its operations, and then covered up the transactions. In addition to the payments, to which it has confessed, Chiquita is alleged to have helped the paramilitaries ship drugs out and smuggle arms in by giving the armed groups free access to its private port at Turbo, on Colombia's Caribbean coast.

Today's ruling by Judge Kenneth A. Marra of the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida comes after three years of litigation. The case, *Doe v. Chiquita Brands International*, No. 08-01916, was originally filed in New Jersey, and was subsequently coordinated with other similar cases as *In re Chiquita Brands International Inc. Alien Tort Statute and Shareholder Derivative Litigation* in West Palm Beach, Florida. Judge Marra's decision, which applies to all of the cases, dismisses some of the claims brought by the plaintiffs under New Jersey and Colombia law, but allows human rights claims to proceed under the Alien Tort Statute.

Fuente:

Earth Rights Internacional, 2011. Federal Court Rejects Chiquita's Effort to Dismiss Human Rights Class-Action Suit. En línea, disponible en: http://www.earthrights.org/press/release/federal-court-

<u>rejects-chiquitas-effort-dismiss-human-rights-class-action-suit</u>. Consultado por PCS: 30 de noviembre de 2011.